# Helping Students with Dyslexia in the Writing Center: Awareness and First Steps

My goal: To raise awareness and provide initial steps for a complex learning disability that presents itself in many different ways.

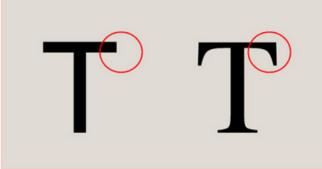
# What's it like having dyslexia?

"What this typeface does is break down the reading time of a non-dyslexic down to the speed of a dyslexic."

#### **Research on Fonts**

According to the British Dyslexia Association,

- Use Sans Serif such as Arial and Comic Sans,
- Font Sizes should be 12-14 points



#### **Outcome**

- You are more aware of how student writers experience dyslexia
- You know how to use different fonts and colored backgrounds
- You are ready for further conversations about dyslexia in the writing center!

#### **Defining Dyslexia**

#### **Definitions from the survey**

- "The brain reverses or mixes up letters when reading"
- "A difficulty interpreting the written word"
- "I think it is when you read or write words out of order"

### **International Dyslexia Association Definition:**

- Neurobiological in origin
- Difficulties in word recognition
- Poor spelling
- Decoding abilities
- Challenges in reading comprehension
- Reduced reading experience

## **OpenDyslexic**

Platforms such as
OpenDyslexic
provide a variety of
fonts to help
students with
dyslexia. Try it out
on the laptop in
front of you!

#### **Survey Responses of Faculty**

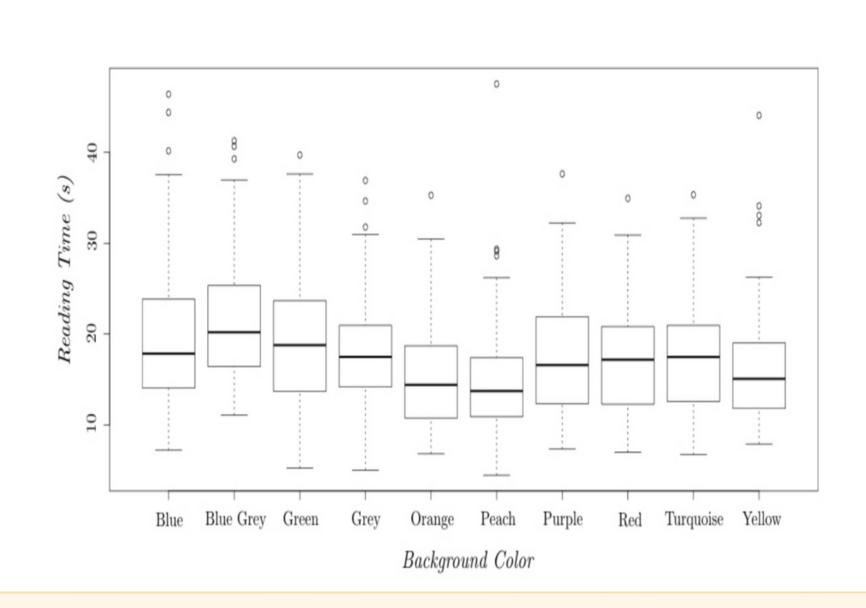
What strategies do you use to help students with dyslexia with their writing?

- "Based on what they tell me, I then try various approaches that might help"
- "I often read prompts out loud"
- "I can't really answer this as I don't know if I ever worked with someone with dyslexia"

If you type during your tutoring sessions, what font style/size do you use (Arial, Comic Sans, Times New Roman, etc)

- "Probably Times New Roman, as that's what my default word doc setting is"
- "I just go with whatever font the student is currently using in their document"
- "Whatever the student's document is in."

CMU Research by Professor Luz Rello Sánchez: Warmer Colored Backgrounds Over Cooler Colored Backgrounds



Readers with dyslexia have a faster reading time with warmer colors (peach, yellow, orange) than cooler colors (turquoise, blue, green)